

## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

AMBERLITE IRC86 is a high capacity weak acid cation exchange resin containing carboxylic acid groups. It is characterised by an outstanding physical and chemical stability. Its principal application is the dealkalisation of industrial waters. AMBERLITE IRC86, in the hydrogen removes hardness associated alkalinity. Combined with a strong acid cation exchanger, it allows to reduce acid consumption in deionisation. Due to its high swelling between H<sup>+</sup> and Na<sup>+</sup> or NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> forms, it is recommended not to use AMBERLITE IRC86 between these ionic forms.

The presence of chlorine in the water to be treated does not affect the performance of the

#### **PROPERTIES** Matrix Gel polyacrylic copolymer Functional groups\_\_\_\_\_ - COO Physical form \_\_\_\_\_ Clear yellow beads Ionic form as shipped\_\_\_\_\_ $H^+$ Total exchange capacity [1] $\geq 4.10 \text{ eq/L (H}^+ \text{ form)}$ Moisture holding capacity [1] 47 to 53 % (H<sup>+</sup> form) Specific gravity\_\_\_\_\_ 1.17 to 1.195 (H<sup>+</sup> form) Shipping weight \_\_\_ $790 \, \mathrm{g/L}$ Particle size 0.580 - 0.780 mm Harmonic mean size\_\_\_\_ Uniformity coefficient \_\_\_\_\_ Fine contents [1] < 0.300 mm : 2.0 % max > 1.180 mm : 5.0 % max Coarse beads $H^{+} \rightarrow Na^{+}: 100 \%$ Maximum reversible swelling \_\_\_\_\_ $H^+ \rightarrow Ca^{++}$ : 15 % (total conversion) $H^+ \rightarrow Mg^{++}$ : 50 % [1] Contractual value Test methods are available on request. SUGGESTED OPERATING CONDITIONS 120°C

Maximum operating temperature
Minimum bed depth
Service flow rate
Regenerant
Flow rate (BV/h)
Concentration (%)
Level
Minimum contact time
Slow rinse
Fast rinse

700 mm5 to 70 BV\*/h HCl  $H_9SO_4$ 15 to 40 2 to 8 2 to 5 0.5 to 0.7104 to 110 % of ionic load 30 minutes

<sup>2</sup> BV at regeneration flow rate 2 to 4 BV at service flow rate

<sup>\* 1</sup> BV (Bed Volume) = 1  $m^3$  solution per  $m^3$  resin

### **PERFORMANCE**

The operating capacity of AMBERLITE IRC86 is a function of analysis, temperature and service flow rate of water. Data providing information to calculate the capacity are given in the engineering data sheet (EDS 0235 A).

# LIMITS OF USE

AMBERLITE IRC86 is suitable for industrial uses. For all other specific applications such as pharmaceutical, food processing or potable water applications, it is recommended that all potential users seek advice from Rohm and

Haas in order to determine the best resin choice and optimum operating conditions.

### HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1 shows the bed expansion of AMBERLITE IRC86 as a function of backwash flow rate and water temperature.

Figure 2 shows the pressure drop data for AMBERLITE IRC86, as a function of service flow rate and water temperature. Pressure drop data are valid at the start of the service run with a clear water and a correctly classified bed.

Figure 1: Bed Expansion

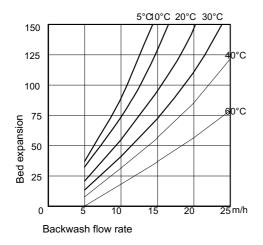
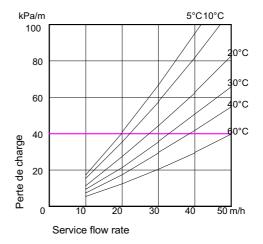


Figure 2: Pressure Drop



PDS 0234 A - July 01 - 2/2

All our products are produced in ISO 9002 certified manufacturing facilities.

Rohm and Haas/Ion Exchange Resins - Philadelphia, PA - Tel. (800) RH AMBER - Fax: (215) 537-4157 Rohm and Haas/Ion Exchange Resins - 75579 Paris Cedex 12 - Tel. (33) 1 40 02 50 00 - Fax: 1 43 45 28 19

WEB SITE: http://www.rohmhaas.com/ionexchange



AMBERLITE is a trademark of Rohm and Haas Company, Philadelphia, U.S.A.

Ion exchange resins and polymeric adsorbents, as produced, contain by-products resulting from the manufacturing process. The user must determine the extent to which organic by-products must be removed for any particular use and establish techniques to assure that the appropriate level of purity is achieved for that use. The user must ensure compliance with all prudent safety standards and regulatory requirements governing the application. Except where specifically otherwise stated, Rohm and Haas Company does not recommend its ion exchange resins or polymeric adsorbents, as supplied, as being suitable or appropriately pure for any particular use. Consult your Rohm and Haas technical representative for further information. Acidic and basic regenerant solutions are corrosive and should be handled in a manner that will prevent eye and skin contact. Nitric acid and other strong oxidising agents can cause explosive type reactions when mixed with Ion Exchange resins. Proper design of process equipment to prevent rapid buildup of pressure is necessary if use of an oxidising agents such as nitric acid is contemplated. Before using strong oxidising agents in contact with Ion Exchange Resins, consult sources knowledgeable in the handling of these materials.

Rohm and Haas Company makes no warranties either expressed or implied as to the accuracy or appropriateness of this data and expressly excludes any liability upon Rohm and Haas arising out of its use. We recommend that the prospective users determine for themselves the suitability of Rohm and Haas materials and suggestions for any use prior to their adoption. Suggestions for uses of our products of the inclusion of descriptive material from patents and the citation of specific patents in this publication should not be understood as recommending the use of our products in violation of any patent or as permission or license to use any patents of the Rohm and Haas Company. Material Safety Data Sheets outlining the hazards and handling methods for our products are available on request.

©2001 Rohm and Haas Company