

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

AMBERLITE IRA67 is a weak base anion exchange resin with a gel-type acrylic matrix. It has a high capacity, excellent physical stability, fast kinetics, outstanding resistance to organic fouling and a basicity higher than that of polystyrenic weak base resins.

Due to its excellent organic reversibility, AMBERLITE IRA67 is successfully used to demineralise surface waters containing high amounts of organic matter. It is also used in many other applications including deionization of citric acid, whey, gelatine, acid removal from formaldehyde, purification of antibiotics, etc.

PROPERTIES Crosslinked acrylic gel structure Matrix Functional groups_____ **Tertiary amines** Transparent white beads Physical form_____ Ionic form as shipped____ Free Base (FB) Total exchange capacity [1]_ $\geq 1.6 \text{ eq/L (FB form)}$ Moisture holding capacity [1] 56 to 64 % (FB form) Specific gravity _____ 1.030 to 1.090 (FB form) Shipping weight _____ $700 \, g/L$ Particle size Uniformity coefficient _____ ≤ 1.80 Harmonic mean size_____ 500 - 750 um Fine contents [1] < 0.300 mm : 3.0 % max Coarse beads > 1.180 mm : 5.0 % max Maximum reversible swelling_____ $FB \rightarrow Cl^-: 30\%$ Insoluble in dilute solutions of acids Chemical resistance or bases and common solvents [1] Contractual value Test methods are available on request.

SUGGESTED OPERATING CONDITIONS (WATER TREATMENT)

Minimum bed depth	700 mm
Service flow rate	5 to 40 BV*/h
Regenerant	NaOH
Flow rate	2 to 8 BV/h
Concentration	2 to 4 %
Level	130 % of ionic load
Minimum contact time	30 minutes
Slow rinse	2 BV at regeneration flow rate
Fast rinse	8 to 16 BV at 10 BV/h

^{* 1} BV (Bed Volume) = 1 m^3 solution per m^3 resin

PERFORMANCE (For Water Treatment)

Operating capacity

The operating exchange capacity of AMBERLITE IRA67 depends on a number of factors:

- composition of water (particularly CO₂ and SO₄ content),
- · specific flow rate,
- ionic load.

AMBERLITE IRA67 offers an operating capacity 15 to 30 % higher than that of usual polystyrenic resins.

The engineering data sheet EDS 0254 A provide information to calculate the operating capacity of AMBERLITE IRA67.

Regeneration

Optimum regeneration conditions correspond to a quantity of caustic soda equivalent to 120 to 140 % of the operating capacity. It is not recommended to use higher regeneration ratios, as the excess caustic soda might lead to an increase of the rinse water volume required. The latter can be minimised by recycling the rinse effluent through the upstream cation exchange resin.

Organic matter

The aliphatic structure of AMBERLITE IRA67 gives it less affinity for aromatic organic acids found in surface waters than that of polystyrene resins. However, this weaker affinity is more than offset by fast exchange kinetics and guarantees a total elution of the organic fixed on the resin. Therefore, AMBERLITE IRA67 offers a large reversible capacity for the removal of organic matter.

HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

AMBERLITE IRA67 gives a pressure drop of about 18 kPa/m bed depth per 10 m/h at 15°C. A backwash flow rate of 4 m/h gives a bed expansion of about 65 % at 15°C.

These data are valid for water treatment and have to be corrected according to the solution to be treated.

FOOD PROCESSING

Rohm and Haas manufactures special resins for food processing and potable water applications. As governmental regulations vary from country to country, it is recommended that potential users seek advice from their Amberlite representative in order to determine the best resin choice and optimum operating conditions.

All our products are produced in ISO 9002 certified manufacturing facilities.

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